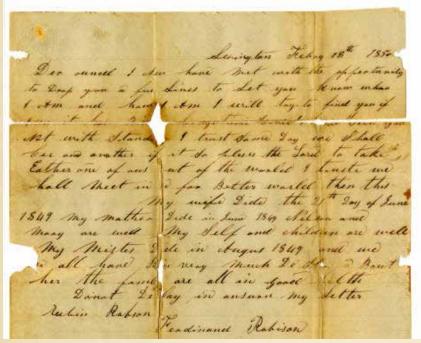
Kentucky Historical Society

CIVIL WAR TO CIVIL RIGHTS: FERDINAND ROBINSON (SLAVE)



Kentucky Historical Society collections

LEXINGTON — Ferdinand
Robinson was a slave from
Hopkinsville who taught
himself to read and write after
he was freed. After the death of
his master, Robinson moved to
Lexington because his mistress
was engaged to a man from
Fayette County.

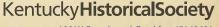
Upon the death of his mistress, Robinson and his family were manumitted. The practice of manumitting slaves after the mistress died was common, especially when the master preceded the mistress in death.

Robinson wrote letters to

his uncle Ruben, a free man of color in Hopkinsville, updating his uncle on his and his family's status. After his first wife's death, Robinson married a free woman of color and was able to amass a small amount of money through farming. Robinson's letters illustrate the importance of family and community to slaves and free people of color who moved throughout Kentucky prior to the Civil War.

The Kentucky Historical Society (KHS) links Kentuckians with their past via archival collections that document people from every walk of life, reaching back to 1509.

Letters, diaries, oral histories and photographs, as well as the first and second Kentucky Constitutions, are included. Find these and other KHS collections online at khscatalog.kyvl. org



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